

The Road Map Project Evaluation Findings

Presented to RMP Planning
Team

April 13, 2016



Evaluation Questions

- What changes are occurring across the Road Map region?
- What evidence is there that the theory of change is producing these changes?
- What areas of effort are getting the most traction?
- How can systems-level change be better supported?



Evaluation Methods

- Interviews with key implementers in BTGR, HSCC, and family engagement space
- Tiered formative evaluation surveys to “more” and “less” involved stakeholders
- Gates Alignment Index survey
- Observations of meetings
- Document review



Respondents

Data Collection Method	Previous Data	Current Study
Formative evaluation survey of “less involved” stakeholders	N = 324	N = 211
Formative evaluation survey of “more involved” stakeholders	N = 103	N = 100
Gates Alignment Index survey	N = 104	N = 88
Interviews	NA	N = 37



Strength of Findings

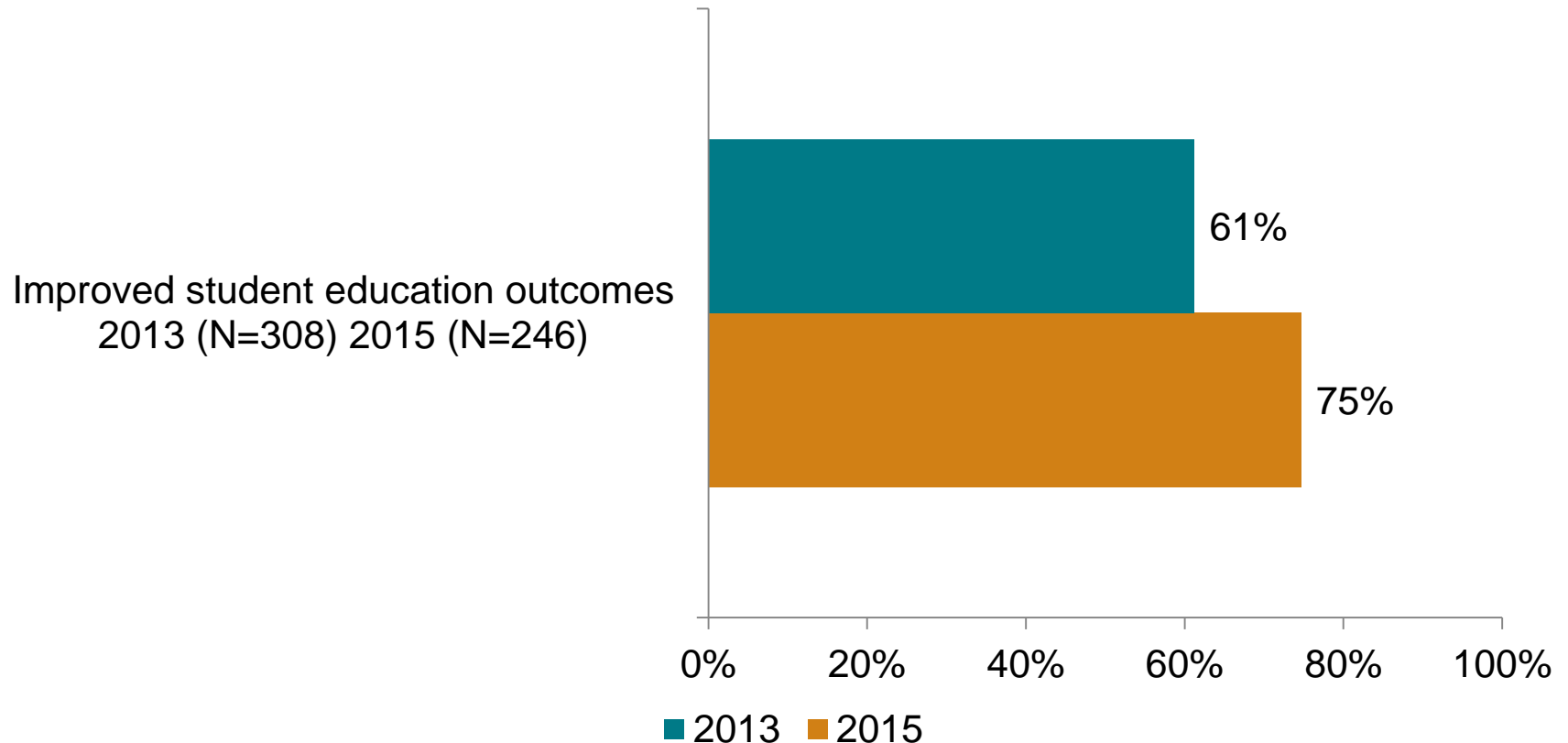
- Qualitative data
 - Minority perspective (1–2 responses)
 - Some perspective (3–5 responses/codes)
 - Many perspective (6–10 responses/codes)
 - Most perspective (at least 75% respondents)
- Quantitative data (% agreement)
 - Weak agreement (0–20%)
 - Some agreement (21–50%)
 - Majority agreement (51–75%)
 - Strong agreement (More than 75%)



Indicator Movement



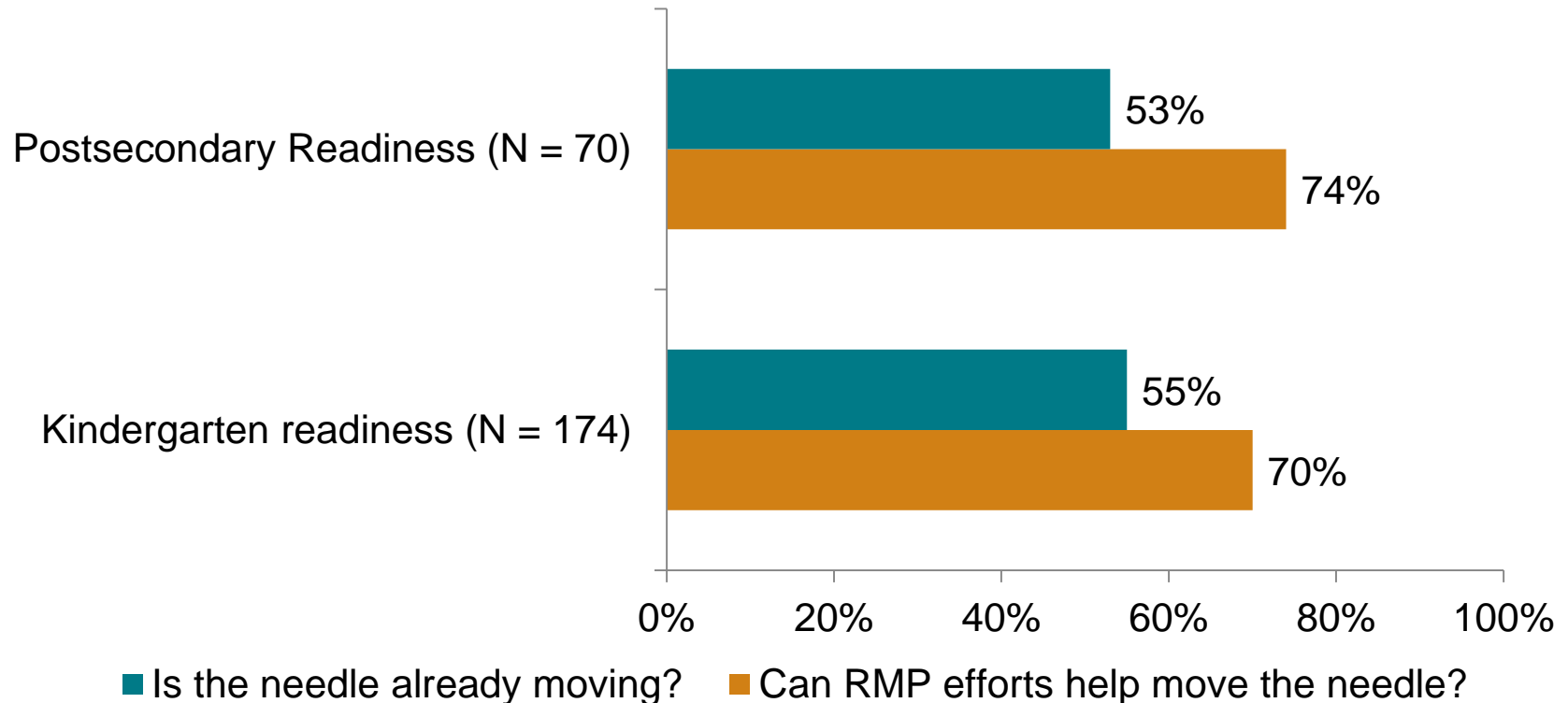
The RMP is influencing regional efforts resulting in improved student outcomes.



Results come from the 2013 and 2015 Road Map Project Formative evaluation survey of stakeholders across the region (2013 N = 417; 2015 N = 311). Percentages represent average level of agreement calculated by dividing the mean of the item with the number of categories in the scale (in this case four).



RMP partners feel strategies can move the needle on readiness, but success is still emerging.



Postsecondary readiness based on 2015 survey of “more involved” stakeholders (N = 100) and kindergarten readiness based on 2015 survey of all stakeholders (N = 311). Percentages equal average agreement (item mean divided by item scale (4)).

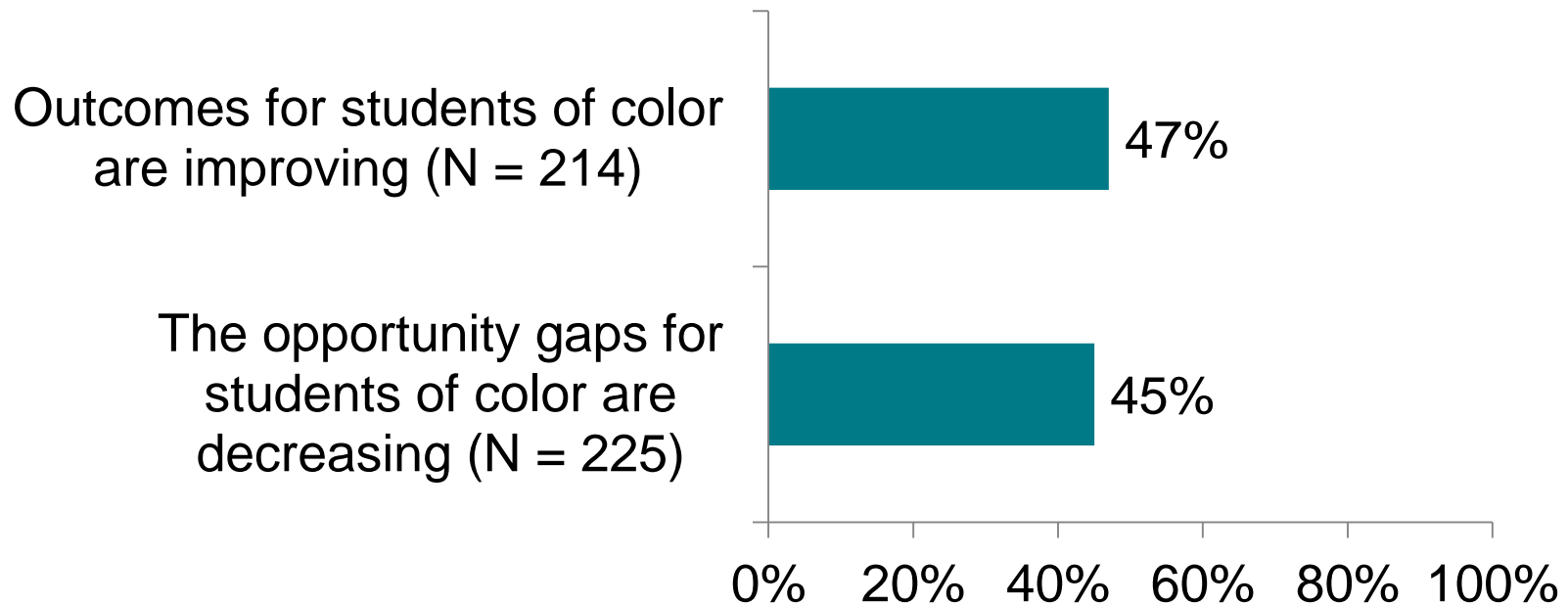


Progress on academic outcomes is mixed, with a few indicators on track to meet the goal but many are not.

- There is significant positive movement reducing students who trigger early warning indicators for dropout.
- Progress on academic achievement in reading, math, and science is mixed.
- Secondary and postsecondary outcomes are beginning to change but not fast enough to meet the overall goal of RMP.



Gaps for students of color are closing but not fast enough to meet the targets.



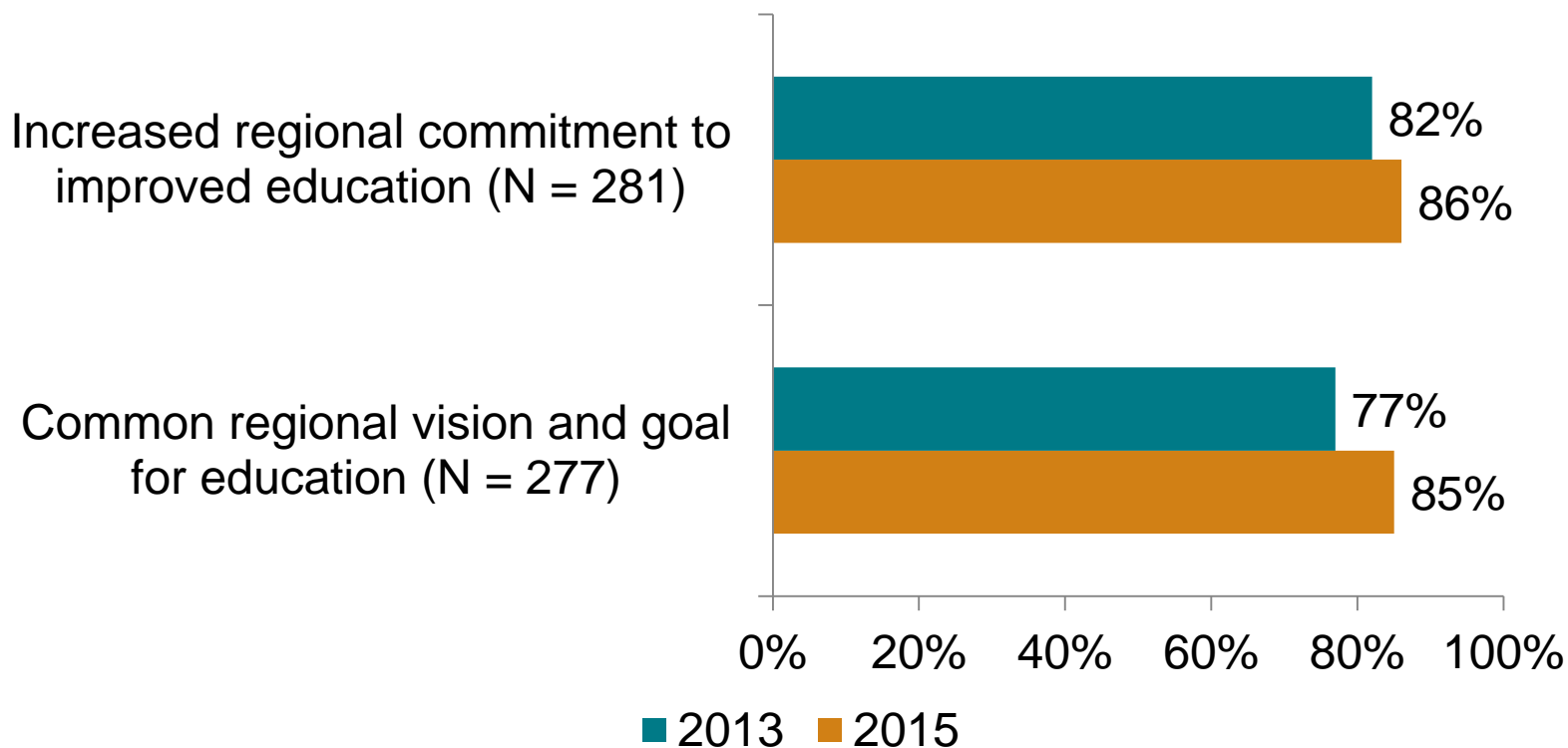
Results come from the 2015 RMP Formative evaluation survey of stakeholders across the region (N = 311). Percentages represent average level of agreement calculated by dividing the mean of the item with the number of categories in the scale (in this case four).



Common Agenda: Alignment and Collaboration



Over time, the RMP has built a very strong shared vision and commitment to the Road Map goal across the region and RMP partners and that support continues to grow.



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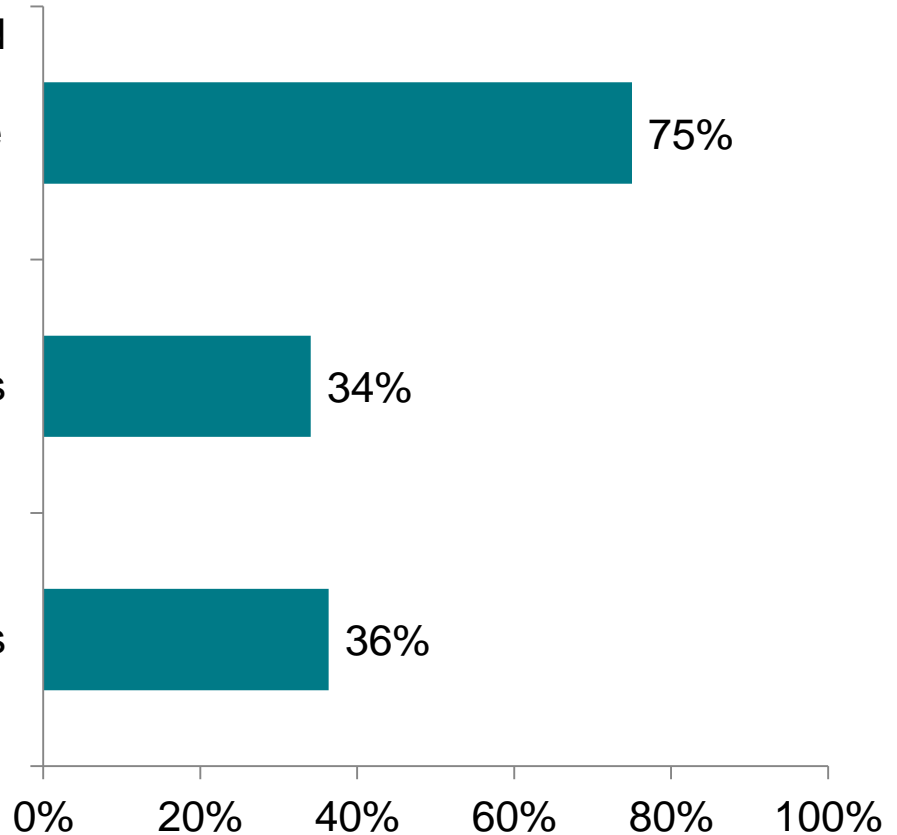


Stakeholders agree on the overall goal but less on what it means to achieve readiness at intermediate steps of the cradle-to-career continuum.

Partners believe that all sectors engaged in educating children should prepare them to be ready to attend and complete a post-secondary certificate or degree. (N=88)

Partners ACROSS sectors share a common understanding of what it means to be "college ready." (N=88)

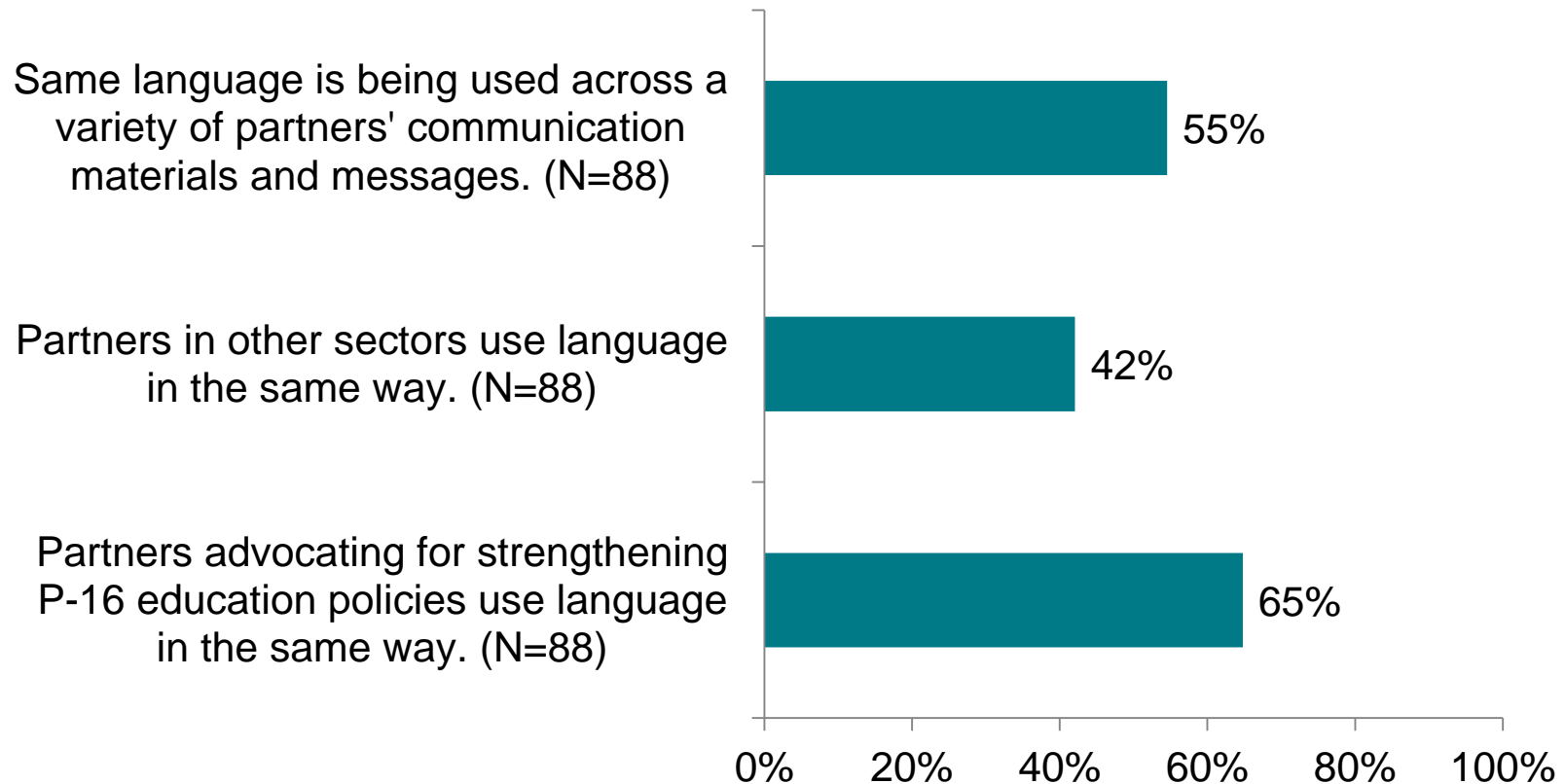
Partners ACROSS sectors share a common understanding of what it means to be "kindergarten ready." (N=88)



Results come from the 2015 Gates Alignment Survey (N = 88). Percentages equal average agreement (item mean divided by item scale (4)).



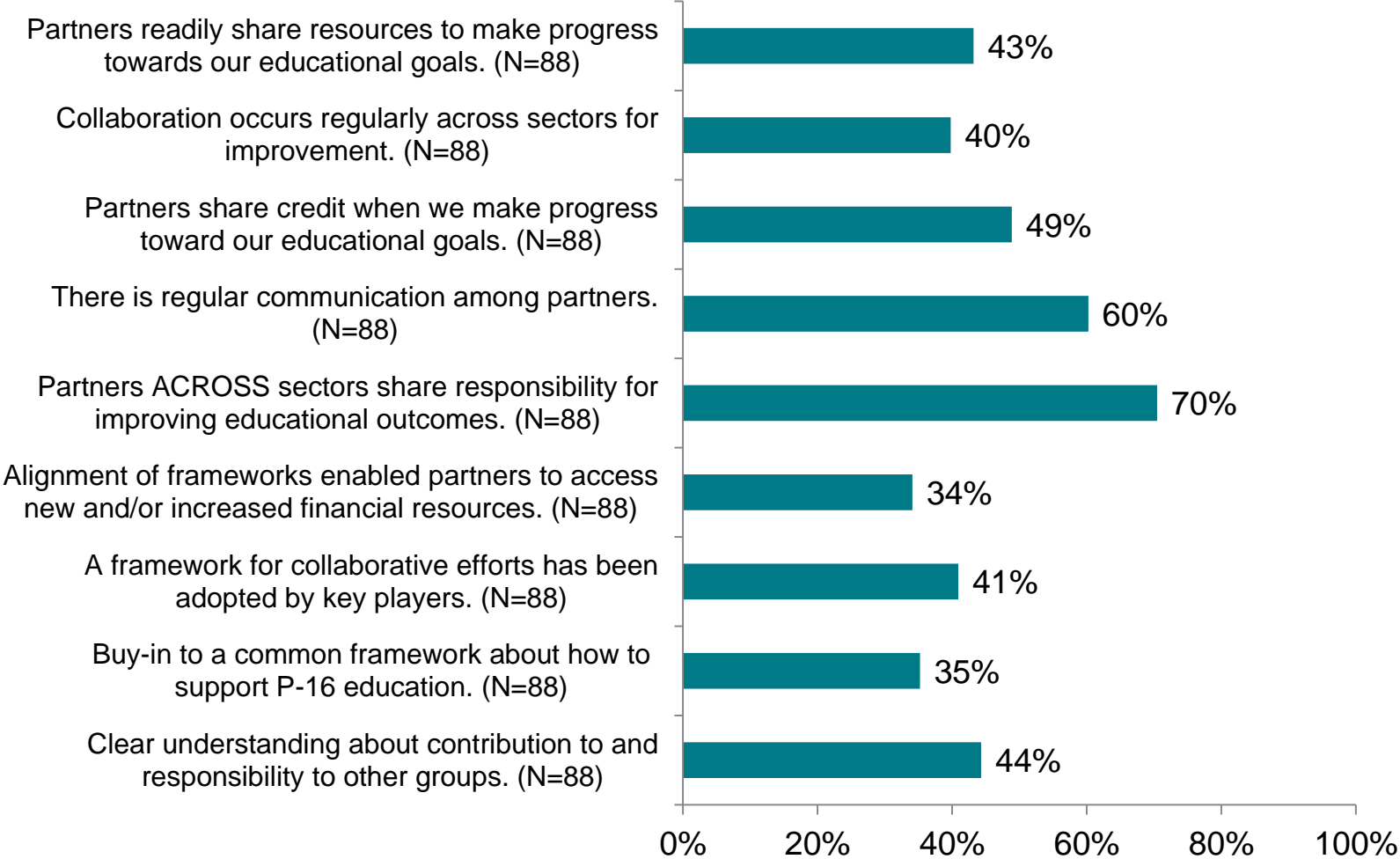
A common language around education is emerging across the region, although it is stronger among institutional partners and less so in the community.



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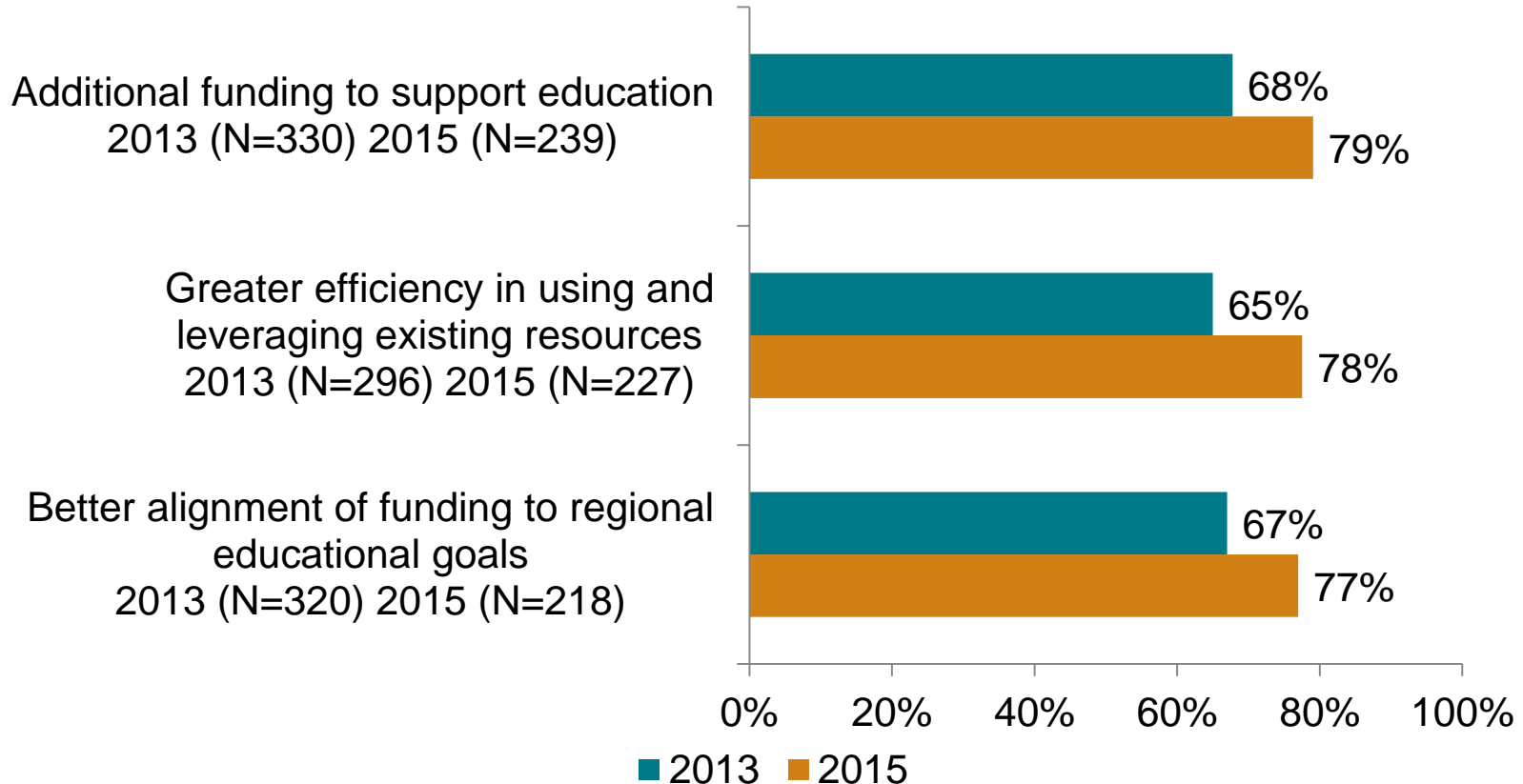
Collaborative practice is stronger in some areas than others across RMP stakeholders and sectors.



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Aligned funding strategies are leading to more funding for education and better efficiency/alignment of existing resources.



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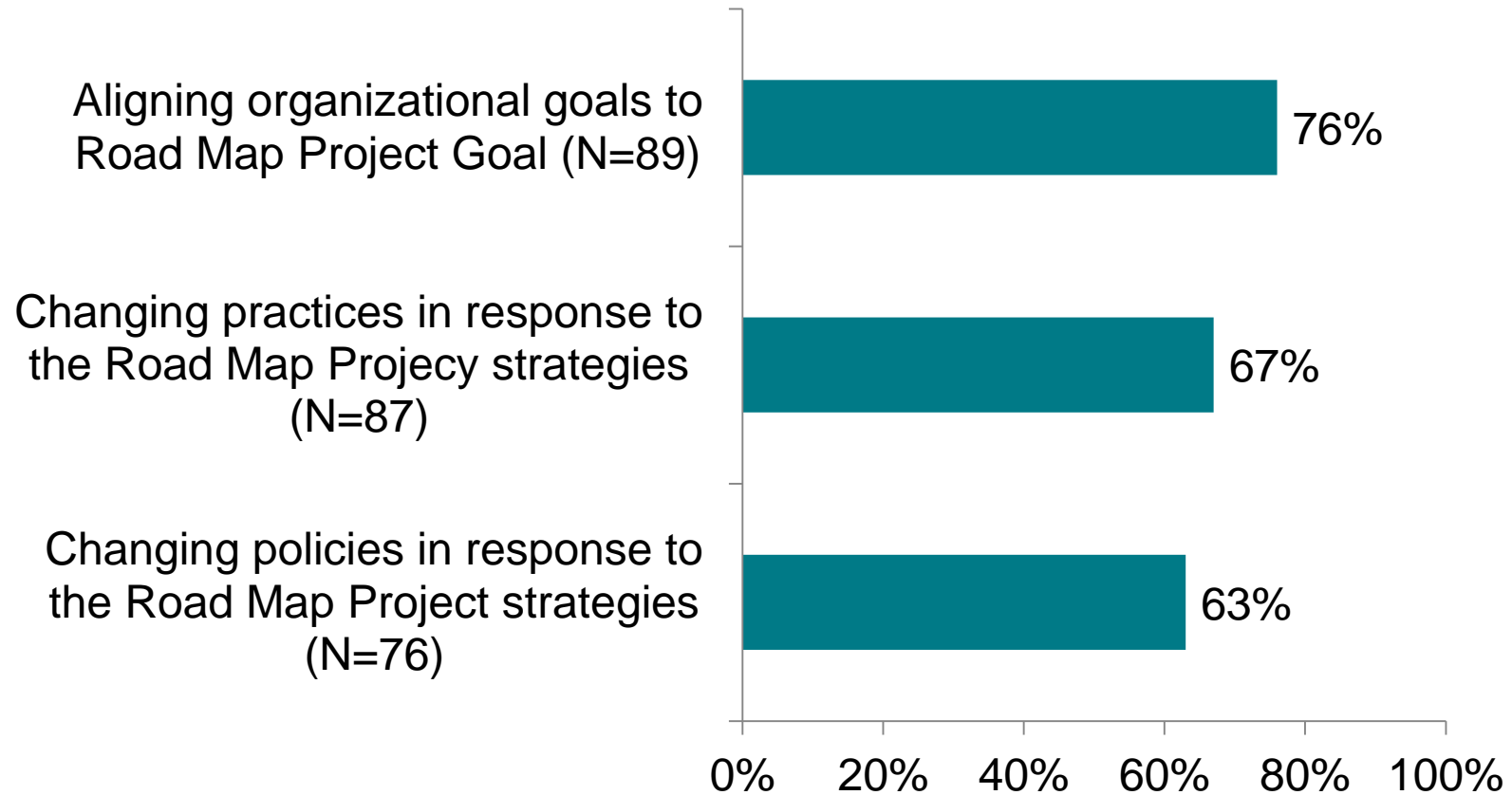


There are concerns about aligned funding.

- Concern about adequate investment in strategies that are most likely to reach the goal.
- Funding alignment may be creating a climate of competition among community-based organizations, resulting from a perceived reduction in resources available to do the work.
- Some are concerned that funding strategy “forcing” CBOs to change their approaches to access funding.
- Questions remain about whether the RMP financially sustainable after RTTT and Gates funding.



Partner organizations are aligning to RMP goals, as well as changing policies and practices.



Results come from the 2015 RMP Formative evaluation survey of “more involved” stakeholders across the region (N = 100). Percentages represent average level of agreement calculated by dividing the mean of the item with the number of categories in the scale (in this case four).



It is too soon to tell if collaborative approach is leading to sustainable systems change.

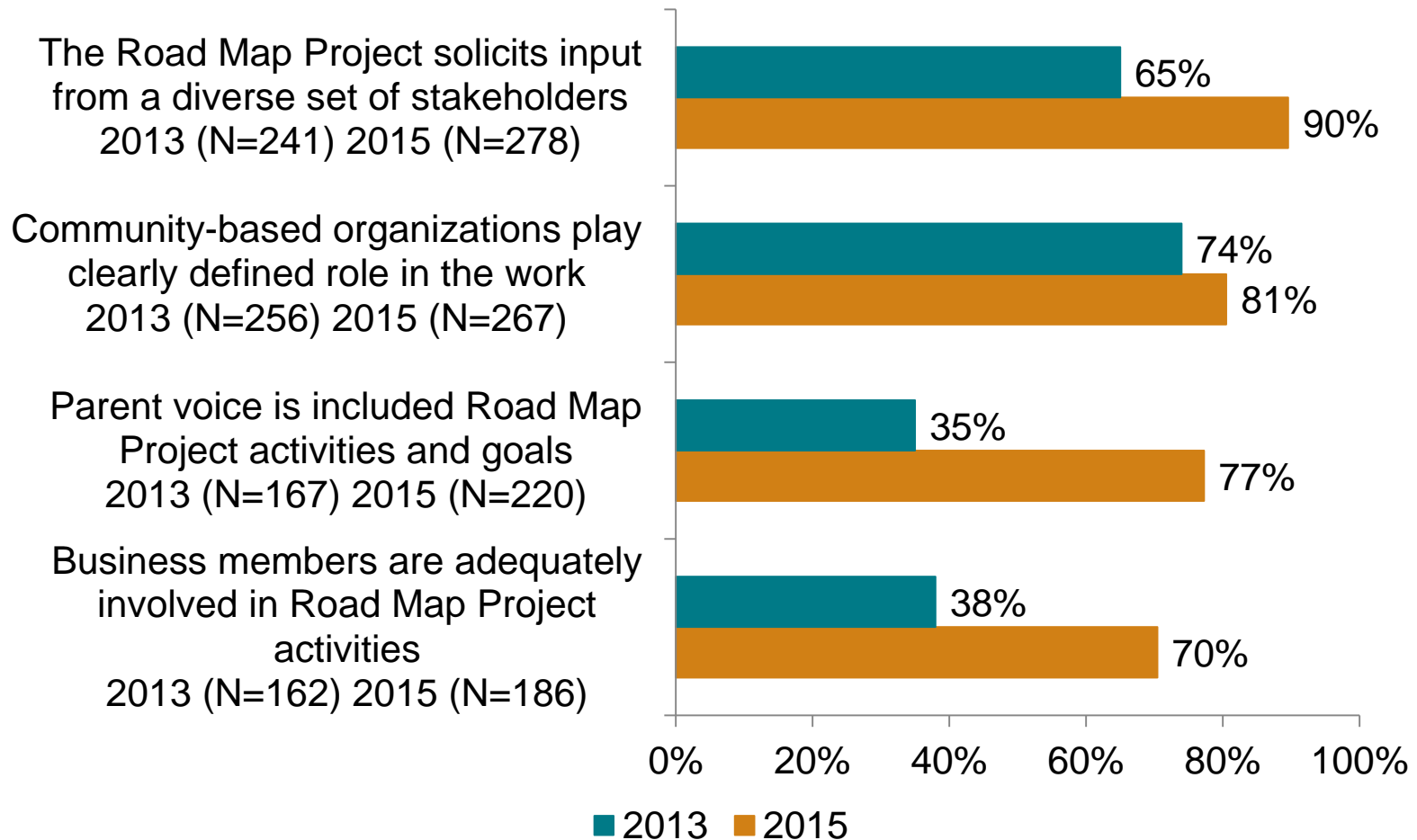
- Organization-level changes are promising, it is yet unclear how they add up to a cumulative impact in the region and in producing stronger systems.
- Creating shared understanding about how partners work together and their distinct roles in the process may produce collaborative practice that goes beyond discrete activities to more intentional organizational and systems change.
- It may be helpful to explore other collective impact funding models to increase and leverage resources available across organizations and sectors to serve students.



Representation



The RMP is increasing diversity of input into vision, strategy, and implementation.



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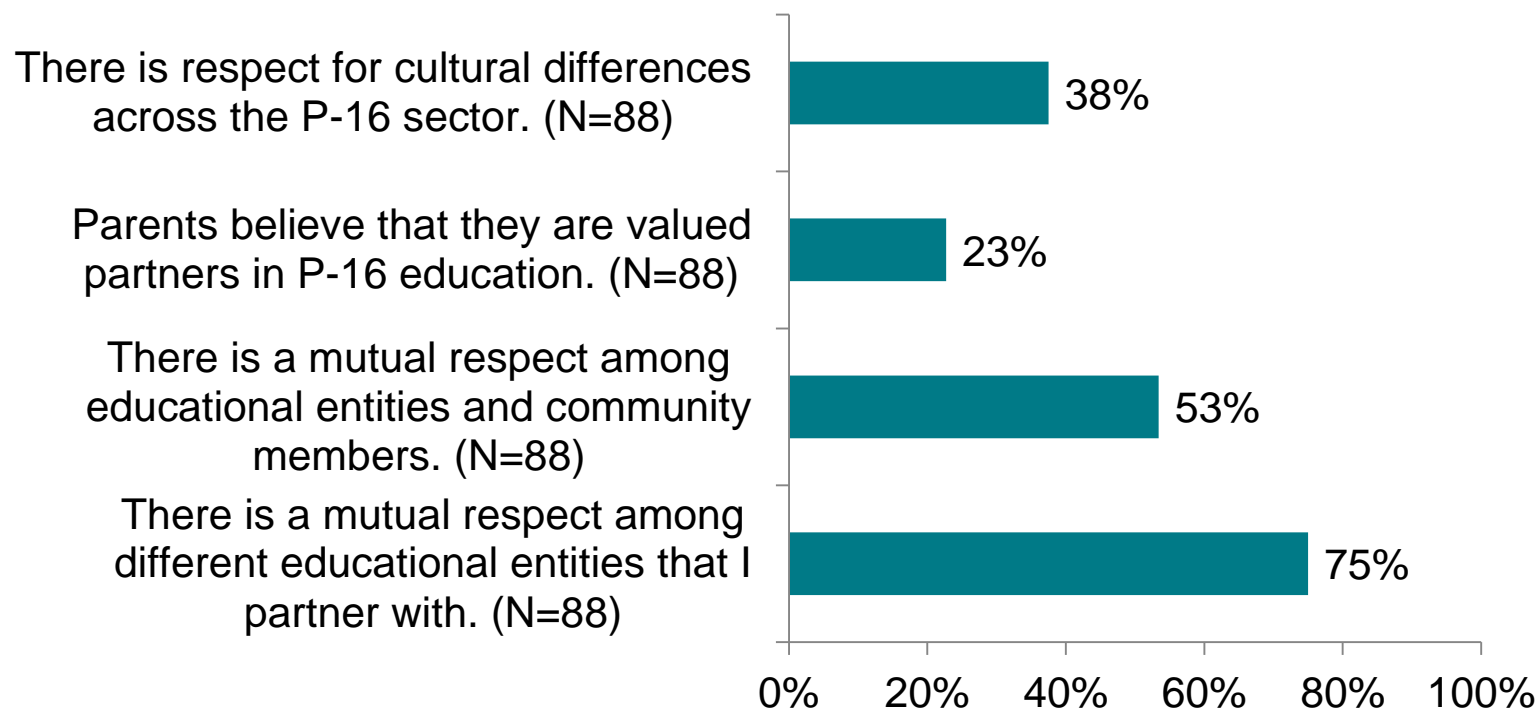
There is room to grow in making RMP leadership more representative of the communities, identities, and experiences of the students the RMP seeks to support.

	Leadership	Planning	Implementing	Don't Know
CBOs	47%	69%	64%	11%
Parents	13%	39%	23%	43%
Youth	8%	22%	23%	52%
School and District	64%	65%	65%	14%
Public officials	36%	25%	15%	43%
Business leaders	20%	18%	8%	57%
Higher education	37%	44%	35%	35%
Public agencies	12%	35%	36%	42%
Community advocacy groups	29%	57%	39%	27%
Funders	44%	42%	17%	31%

Equity



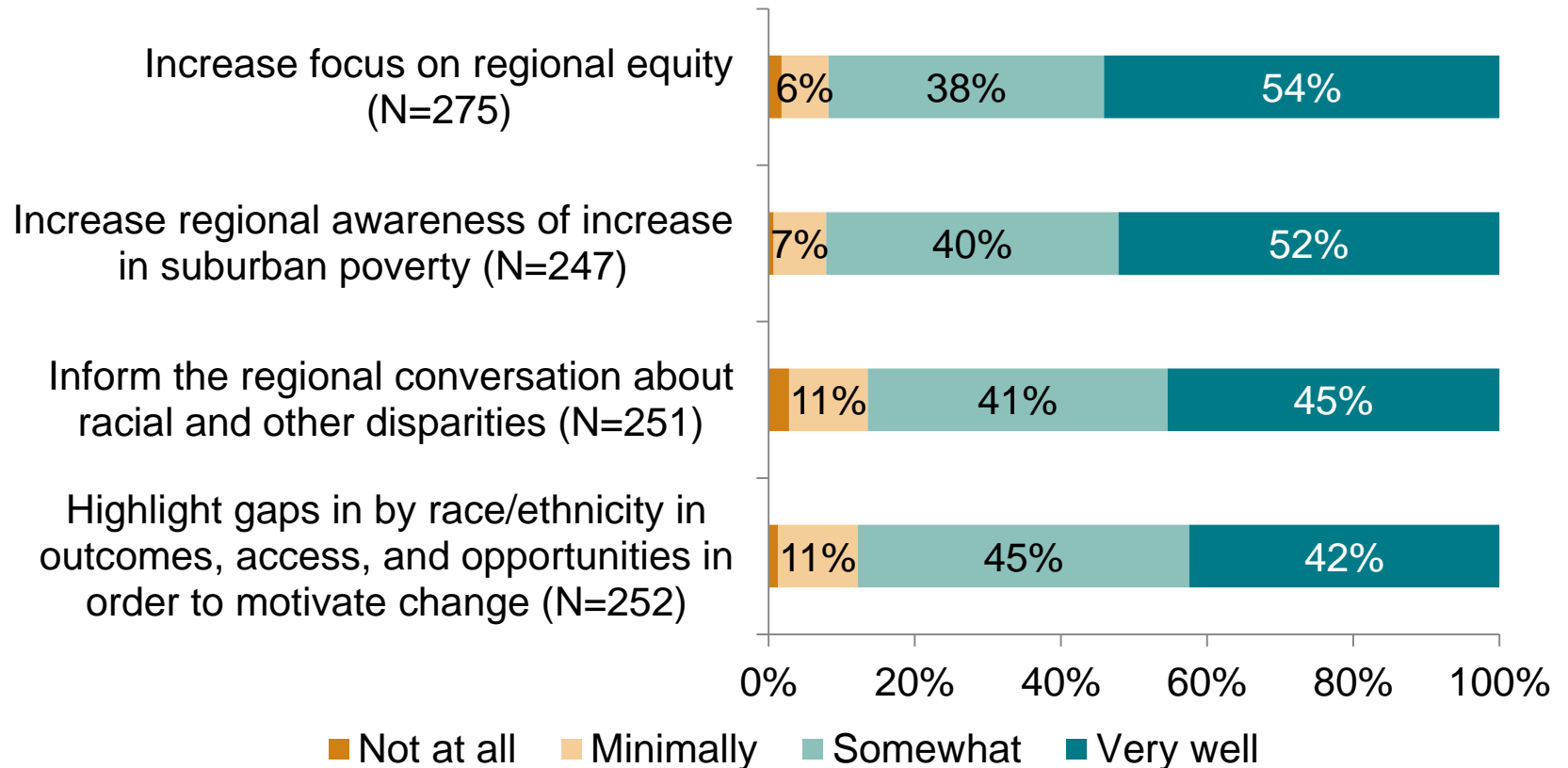
Mutual respect between Road Map Project education partners and the community is growing but less progress in respecting and valuing cultural differences and parents as partners.



Results come from the 2015 Gates Alignment Survey (N = 88). Percentages equal average agreement (item mean divided by item scale (4)).



The RMP has been instrumental in bringing an equity focus to the forefront of the regional discussion.



Results come from the 2015 RMP Formative evaluation survey of stakeholders across the region (N = 311). Percentages represent average level of agreement calculated by dividing the mean of the item with the number of categories in the scale (in this case four).



Challenges remain in creating a regional focus on racial equity.

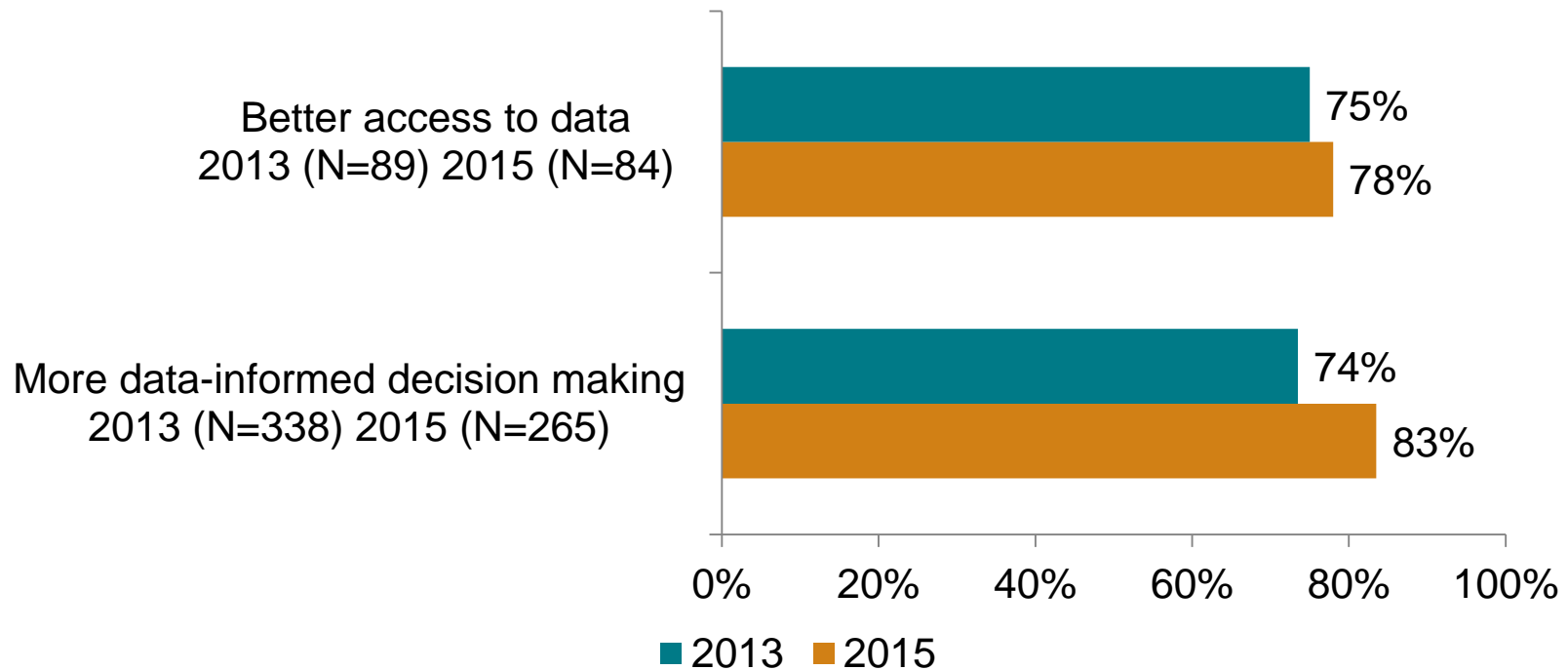
- Not clear if policy or practice solutions will mitigate these inequalities in the long term.
- Work of equity needs to be embedded in core efforts (rather than a “separate” area of focus).
- Not yet a shared understanding or equity lens for the RMP.



Power of Data



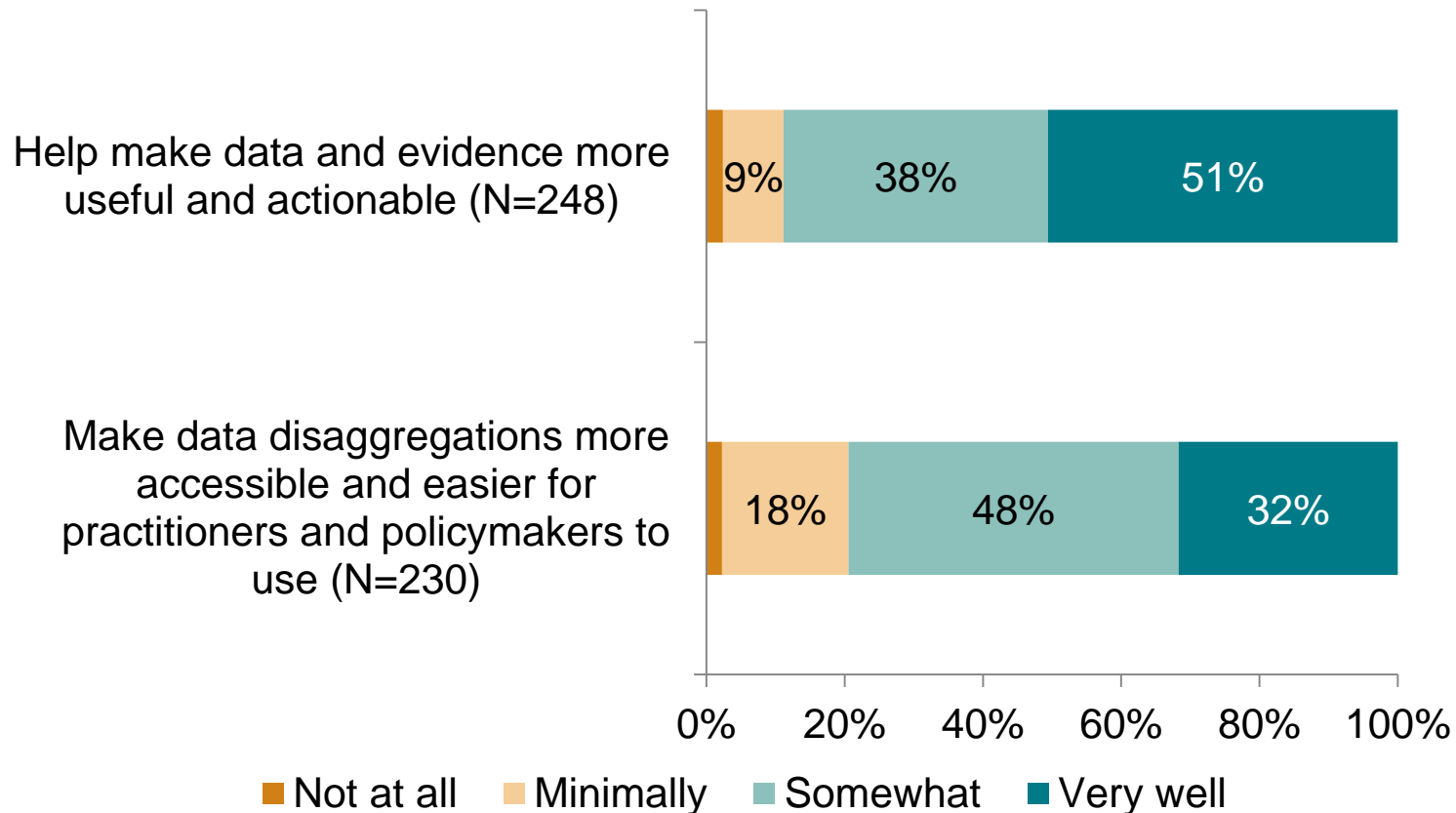
The RMP and CCER in particular have been instrumental in increasing access to data and in helping partners develop capacity to use the data in decision making.



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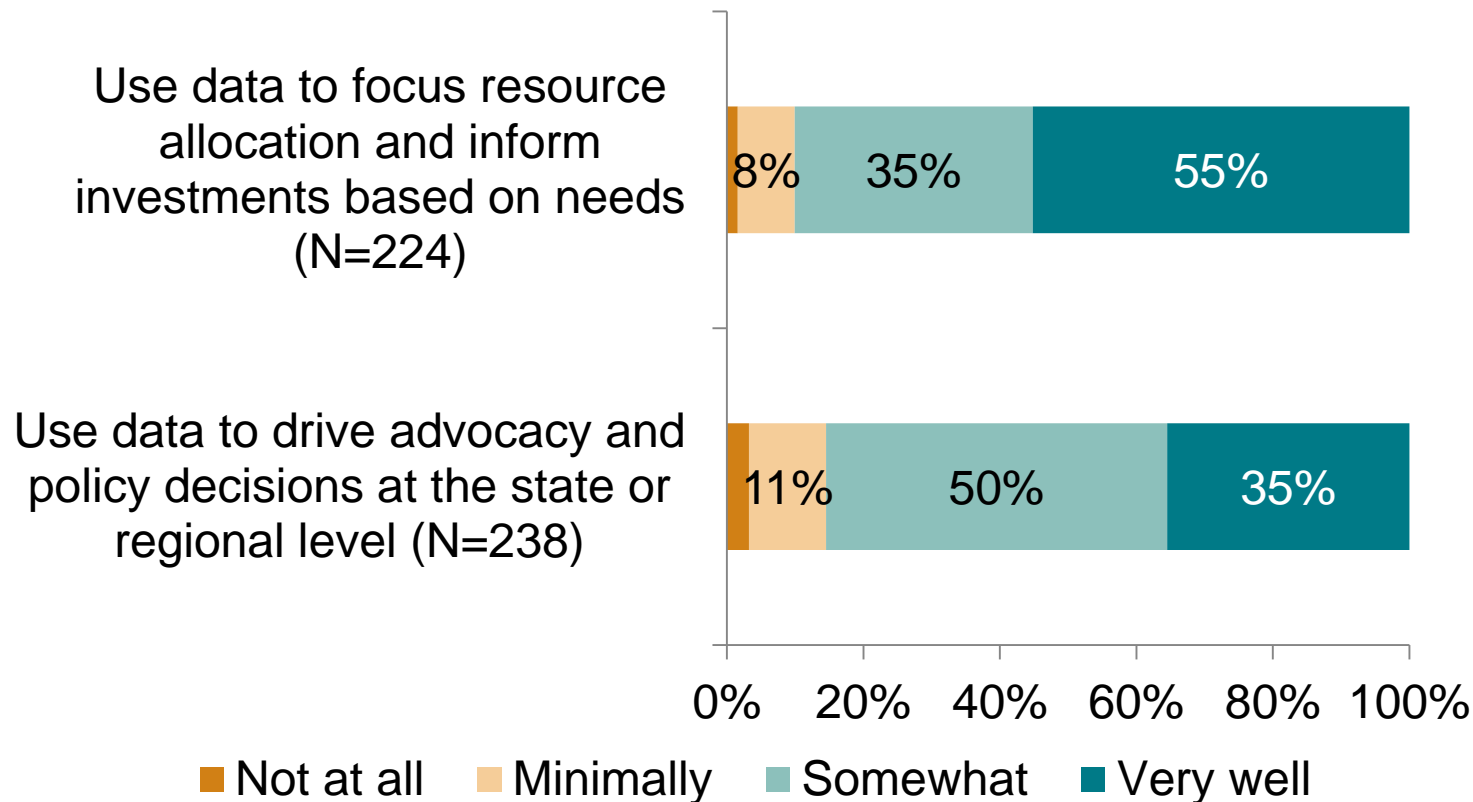
RMP has positively affected the usefulness of data for practitioners and policymakers.



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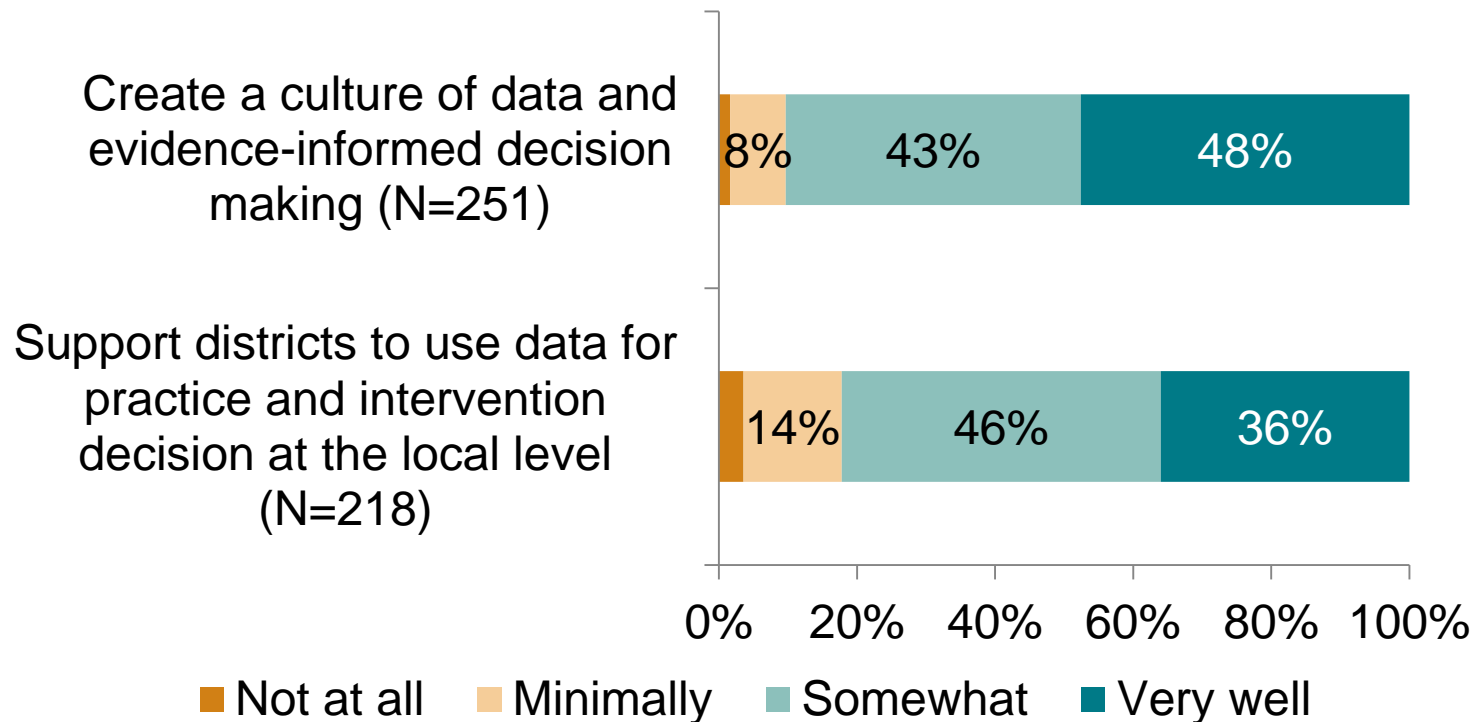
Data is being used to inform funding and advocacy efforts.



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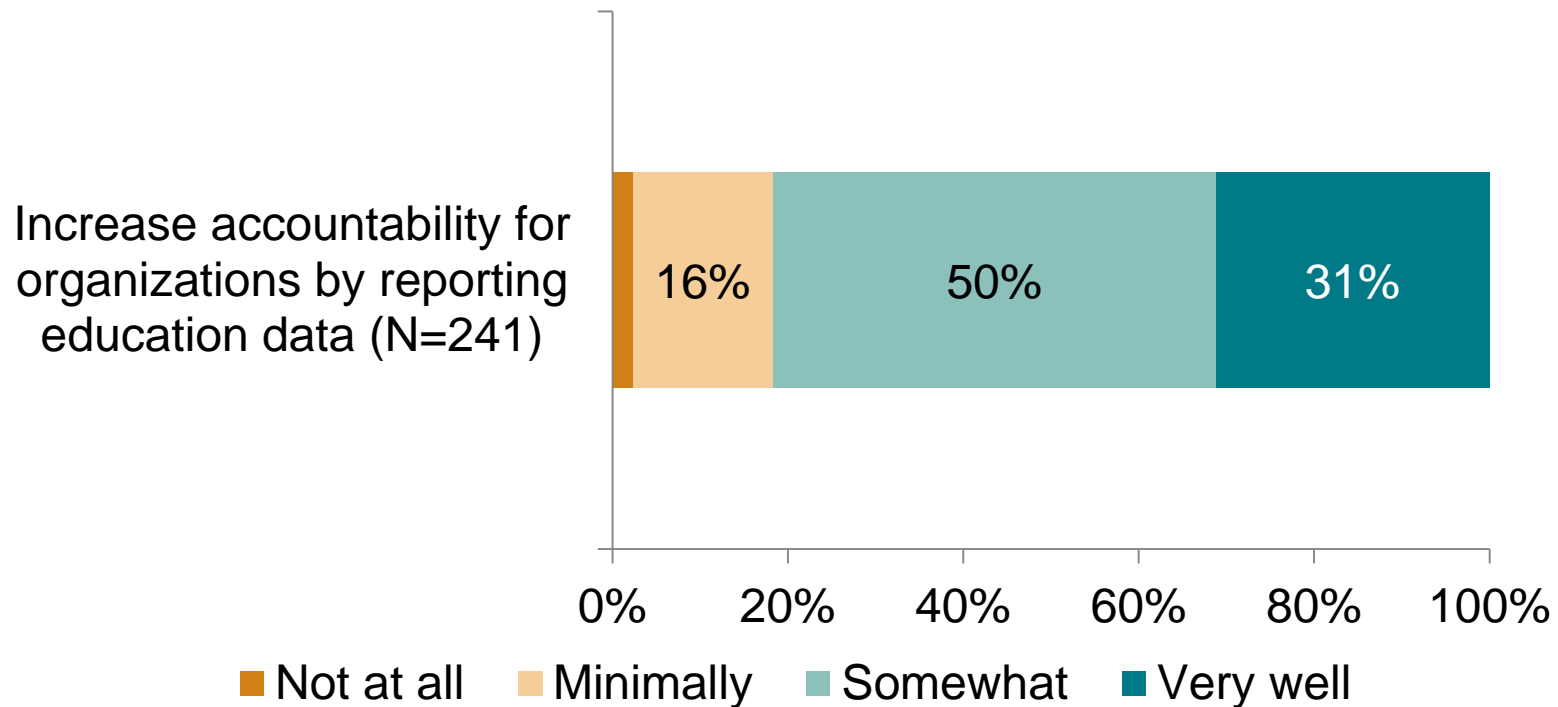
RMP has had a strong positive influence on data culture and decision making.



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RMP playing a leading role in pressing the system for greater accountability around educational outcomes.



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Areas for Continued Development

- Developing and integrating early learning data systems.
- Inclusion of community-based organization data in the larger data system.
- Better helping families and communities connect their lived experiences to the public data.



What are the implications of the evaluation findings for moving forward?

